CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Duty of Directors, Officers, and Employees
The directors, officers, and employees of the Foundation shall exercise the utmost good faith in all transactions touching upon their duties to the Foundation and its property. In their dealings with and on behalf of the Foundation, they are held to a strict rule of honest and sincere dealing between themselves and the Foundation. They shall not use their positions, or knowledge gained therefrom, so that a conflict might arise between the Foundation's interest and that of the director, officer, or employee.

Interest
For purposes of this policy, a person shall be deemed to have an "interest" in a contract, transaction, or other arrangement, or in the same or related business as the Foundation, if the person is the party (or one of the parties) or is a director, trustee, officer, or general partner of, or has a material financial or influential interest in, an entity that is the party (or one of the parties) contracting or dealing with the Foundation. Relationships and dealings of the Foundation with corporations, partnerships, joint ventures, or other entities owned, controlled, or managed by the Foundation shall not constitute interests under this Article.

Full Disclosure
Any director, officer, or employee having an interest in a contract, transaction, or arrangement presented to the Board of Directors or a committee thereof for consideration, authorization, approval, discussion, or ratification shall make a prompt, full, and frank disclosure of his or her interest to the Board of Directors at the first meeting of the Board after the conflict occurs, and, in any case before the Board or committee takes action on such contract, transaction, or arrangement. Such disclosure shall include any relevant and material facts known to such person that might reasonably be construed to be adverse to or potentially adverse to the Foundation's interest.

Standards and Procedures.
(a) The Board of Directors shall determine, by majority vote, whether the disclosure shows that a conflict of interests exists or can reasonably be construed to exist.

(b) The Board of Directors may request the person to provide factual information regarding the potential or actual conflict of interests and such proposed contract, transaction, or arrangement.

(c) If deemed appropriate, the Board of Directors may appoint a non-interested person or committee or subcommittee to investigate alternatives to such proposed contract, transaction, or arrangement.

(d) If a conflict of interests is deemed to exist, the person having the conflict of interests shall not participate or attend, vote on, or use his or her personal influence in connection with the discussions, deliberations, or vote with respect to such contract, transaction, arrangement, or related matters affecting the Foundation.

(e) At any meeting of the Board of Directors where such contract, transaction, arrangement, or related matters are under discussion or are being voted upon, a quorum is present if a majority of directors who have no direct or indirect personal interest in such contract, transaction, or arrangement participate in the vote held to authorize, approve, or ratify such contract, transaction, or arrangement.
(f) In order to approve such contract, transaction, or arrangement, the Board of Directors must first find, by majority vote without counting the vote of the interested director or directors, that (i) the proposed contract, transaction, or arrangement is in the Foundation's best interest and for its own benefit; and (ii) the proposed contract, transaction, or arrangement is fair and reasonable to the Foundation.

(g) The minutes of the meeting shall reflect the disclosure made, the persons present for the discussion and vote, the content of the discussion, the vote thereon (including any roll call), and, where applicable, the abstention from voting and participation, and that a quorum was present. The Foundation shall keep minutes of the discussions and deliberations as part of the minutes of the Foundation.

Corrective and Disciplinary Action
The violation of this Conflicts of Interest Policy is a serious matter and may constitute "cause" for removal or termination of a director, officer, or employee.